MTH 23.5 LECTURE NOTES (Ojakian) Topic 13: Binomial Distribution and Background

OUTLINE

References (Algebra Book: None; Statistics Book: 4.3)

1. Binomial Distributions

1. Calculation Background

- (a) Exponents
- (b) Factorial

(c)
$$C_{n,r} = \frac{n!}{r! \cdot (n-r)!}$$
 = number of subsets of S of size r (S is any set with n elements).

(d)

PROBLEM 1. Calculate the following:

 $i. (0.4)^{3}$ ii. 3! iii. 1! iv. 0! $v. 5 \cdot (10 - 8)!$ $vi. C_{3,2}$ $vii. (0.1)^{4}$ viii. 4! $ix. C_{4,1}$

- 2. Binomial Distribution
 - (a) Binomial Experiment Example
 - i. Flip the same coin 3 times and count the number of heads (biased so probability of heads is 0.2). What is the probability of all heads? What is the probability of 2 heads? Etc? Draw a probability tree diagram. Draw a histogram of the distribution.
 - ii. Parameters/Terminology
 - n = number of trails
 - p =probability of "success"
 - q = probability of "failure"
 - r = number of successes
 - P(r) = probability of r successes
 - P(r < x) = probability of less than x successes (ETC.)
 - iii. Using Excel
 - A. BINOM.DIST(r, n, p,FALSE): For probability of exactly r successes.
 - B. BINOM.DIST(r, n, p,TRUE): For probability of r or fewer successes.
 PROBLEM 2. Use Excel_to verify the above calculations.

iv.

PROBLEM 3. Use Excel for this question. From Section 6.2 (5th edition), do problem 14. Also answer these questions:

- A. What is the probability that exactly 3/4 of the men are wearing their ties too tight?
- B. What is the probability that at least 3/4 of the men are wearing their ties too tight?
- (b) Key formula

 $P(r \text{ successes }) = C_{n,r}p^rq^{n-r}$

Along with the rest of probability theory! (complements, multiplication rule, addition rule, etc)

PROBLEM 4. Use the formula to calculate some of the above probabilities by hand.

PROBLEM 5. From Section 6.2, do problem 15. Do it by hand, and using Excel.

(c) Expectation of binomial distribution

 $\operatorname{Expectation} = np$

PROBLEM 6. Steve Nash has the highest career foul shooting percentage of 90.4% (stats based on the last time I checked ...).

- i. If he shoots 100 foul shots, how many do we expect to go in?
- ii. If he shoots 25 foul shots, how many do we expect to go in?
- *iii.* Do a simulation of 25 foul shots in Excel using RAND, to see how many go in. How close is the simulation to the expected value?
- (d) Standard Deviation, $\sigma = \sqrt{npq}$