

Kerry Ojakian's MTH 23.5 Class
Class Assignment #8

1. $\frac{5}{4} \cdot \frac{7}{3} =$

2. $\frac{5}{4} \cdot \frac{7}{3} =$

3. $\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{3}{4} =$

4. $3 \cdot \frac{2}{7} =$

5. $\left(\frac{6}{8}\right) \left(\frac{4}{9}\right) =$

6. $\left(\frac{7}{3}\right) \left(\frac{3}{8}\right) =$

7. $\left(\frac{1}{5}\right) \left(\frac{4}{6}\right) =$

8. $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) (5) =$

9. Find the area of a square with side length $\frac{5}{3}$:

10. Find the area of a rectangle with width $\frac{7}{2}$ and height $\frac{8}{3}$:

11. $\frac{6}{5} \div \frac{7}{9} =$

12. $\frac{5}{6} \div \frac{2}{9} =$

13. $4 \div \frac{4}{7} =$

14. $7 \div \frac{6}{4} =$

19. LCM of 3 and 2 is:

20. LCM of 3 and 6 is:

21. LCM of 14 and 1 is:

15. $\frac{5}{6} \div 5 =$

16. $\frac{3}{4} \div 7 =$

17. $\frac{8}{5} \div 4 =$

18. $\frac{1}{3} \div \frac{1}{7} =$

22. LCM of 8 and 6 is:

23. LCM of 14 and 7 and 2 is:

24. LCM of 3 and 4 and 6 is:

25. $\frac{4}{3} + \frac{2}{6} = \text{---} + \text{---} =$

26. $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{7}{4} = \text{---} + \text{---} =$

27. $\frac{5}{4} - \frac{1}{6} = \text{---} - \text{---} =$

28. $\frac{5}{12} + \frac{3}{4} = \text{---} + \text{---} =$

29. $\frac{3}{7} - \frac{3}{4} = \text{---} - \text{---} =$

33. $\frac{2}{6} - \frac{3}{5} = \text{---} - \text{---} =$

30. $\frac{5}{8} + \frac{2}{5} = \text{---} + \text{---} =$

34. $\frac{8}{10} + \frac{7}{4} = \text{---} + \text{---} =$

31. $\frac{5}{6} + \frac{1}{4} = \text{---} + \text{---} =$

35. $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{6} =$

32. $\frac{7}{3} + \frac{6}{5} = \text{---} + \text{---} =$

Evaluate the following expressions at the given values.

36. $x - \frac{1}{2}$ if $x = \frac{1}{2}$

40. $2a - \frac{b}{6}$ if $a = \frac{5}{16}$, $b = -7$

37. $x - \frac{1}{2}$ if $x = 0.5$

41. x^2 if $x = \frac{1}{4}$

38. $x - \frac{1}{2}$ if $x = -\frac{1}{2}$

42. x^2 if $x = -\frac{1}{4}$

39. $2a - \frac{b}{6}$ if $a = \frac{1}{12}$, $b = 5$

43. $x^2 - y^2 - \frac{5}{6}$ if $x = -\frac{1}{3}$, $y = \frac{1}{2}$

Evaluate.

44. $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{5} =$

49. $\left| \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{6} \right| =$

45. $\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) \cdot (5) =$

50. $-\left(\frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{10} \right) =$

46. $\frac{6}{5} + \frac{1}{10} \cdot (-2) =$

51. $-\left(\frac{1}{10} - \frac{2}{5} \right) =$

47. $\frac{1}{2} + \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^2 =$

52. $\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{6} \div \frac{1}{2} =$

48. $\left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \right)^2 =$

53. The area of a triangle with base B and height H is: $\frac{1}{2} \cdot B \cdot H$. Find the areas of triangles with the following dimensions:

(a) Triangle of height 10, with a base of 3.

(b) Triangle whose base is $\frac{7}{4}$, with a height of $\frac{3}{7}$