

## Review Problems From The Book

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## Ch 12

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page 442 - 5 (we did it in Python; now in C++)

## Ch 13

page 479 - 1, 2

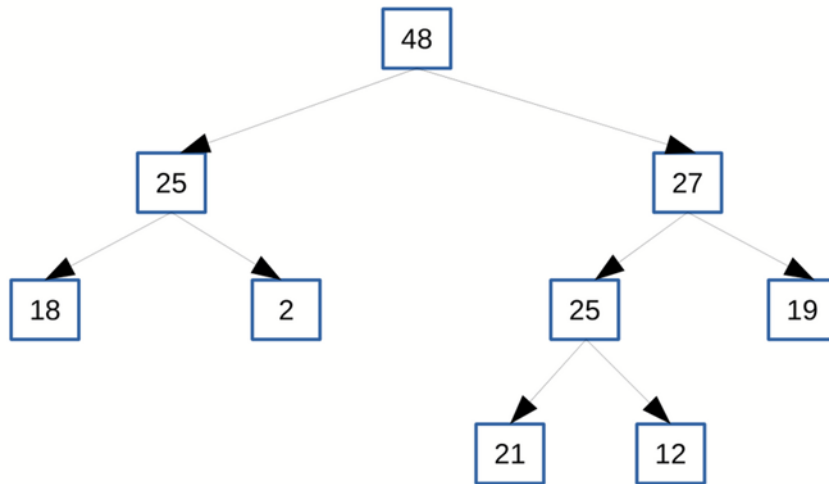
page 480 - 4, 5, 6 (and worst case height of heap?)

page 481 - 2

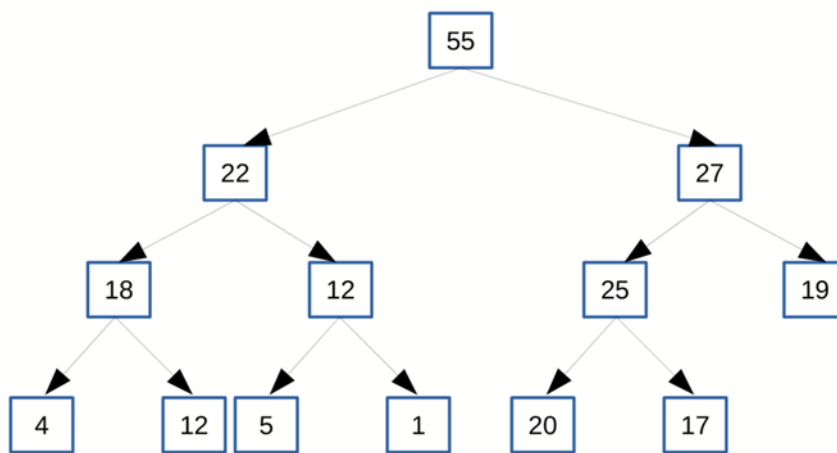
page 483 - 2 (we did it in Python)

## Review Problems for Final Exam

Consider the following binary tree. Is it a *heap*? ( Yes / No )



4. Consider the following *heap*.



Write its underlying array representation (as we have it in the Heap class implementation):

1. What, if anything, is wrong with the following C++ code fragment?

```
int x,*t;  
t = &x;  
delete t;
```

3. Write a C++ function that determines if the first `int` parameter it is passed is a square of the second `int` parameter. It should return `true` if it is so, and `false` otherwise.

```
bool determine(int x, int y){
```

4. I have a bunch of syntax errors in the following C++ program. Find them and correct them.

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace
double function(int a, int b, c) :
    if (a>b)
        cout << "a>b" << endl;
        return a*c
    else :
        cout << "a <= b" << endl;
        return b*a;
}

int main(){
    int x = 10, y = 2, z = 5.5
    cout << function(x,y,z) << endl;
}
```

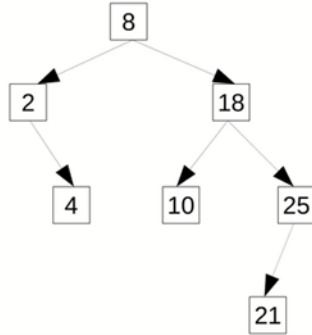
4. What is the output of the following C++ program?

```
double f(int a, int b){
    return (a*a) / double(b);
}

int main(){
    int x = 10, y = 2;
    cout << x << "/" << y << "=" << f(x,y) << endl;
}
```

1. The worst-case search time for a *binary search tree (BST)* is  $\Theta(n)$ . **True or False?**
2. A full binary tree is not necessarily a complete binary tree. **True or False?**
3. Which of the following orders will produce a *binary search tree (BST)* with the best search times?
  - (a) inserting the items in random order
  - (b) inserting the items in reverse order
  - (c) inserting the items in order
  - (d) all will result in the same search times

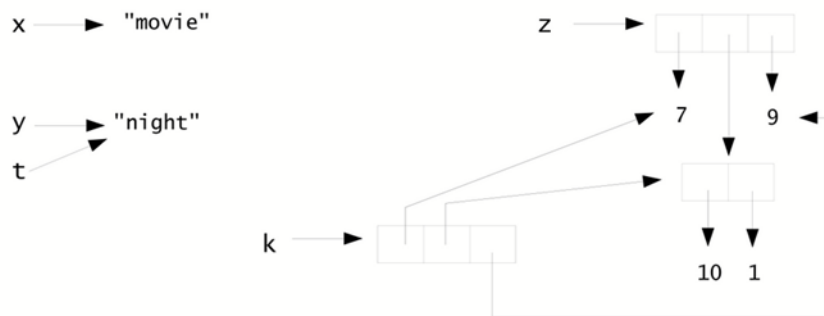
4. Using the BST class, write the code that would produce the following binary search tree:



```
x = "movie"  
y = "night"  
z = [7, [10, 1], 9]
```

```
t = y  
k = copy(z)
```

Here is the pictorial representation of the memory after the code above executes:



Use this pictorial representation of the memory to show what will happen if the following code is added:

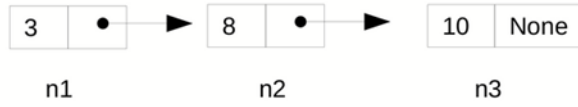
```
x = x + ' ' + y  
k.append(27)  
k[1][1] = 6  
k.remove(7)
```

2. Which of the following is **not true** of Python list?

- (a) They are implemented underneath as a contiguous arrays.
- (b) All of the items in the list must be of the same type.
- (c) They can grow and shrink dynamically.
- (d) They allow for efficient random access.

3. I'm using ListNode class we defined in class.

Here is what I have so far:



I want to insert a new node with value 12 between 8 and 10. Here is what I am doing:

```
n4 = ListNode(12, n1.link)
```

My code is incomplete and has an error. Correct the error and complete the code!



2. Give a theta analysis of the time efficiency of the following code fragments:

(a)

```
n = int(input("Enter a positive integer:"))
i = 0
while i < n:
    i += 2
```

**T(n) =**

(b)

```
n = int(input("Enter a positive integer:"))
total = 2
for i in range(100):
    for j in range(2*n):
        total += 3
```