## HW #1 Kerry Ojakian's MTH 30 Class Due Date: Tuesday February 25

## **General Instructions:**

- Homework must be stapled, be relatively neat, and have your name on it.
- Use tutors, work with other students, but ... don't copy!

## The Assignment

1. Let  $h(x) = 5 + 2x^3$ . Evaluate h(2) and h(-2).

2. Consider the piecewise defined function given by  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x & \text{if } x < -2\\ 2x - 1 & \text{if } -2 \le x \le 3\\ -4x & \text{if } x > 3 \end{cases}$ Find the following values.

- (a) f(-5) = (d) f(3) =
- (b) f(-2) =(c) f(0) = (e) f(4) =
- 3. Consider the function f given by the following table.

x	2	4	6	17	15	10
f(x)	-3	4	-13	2	0	14

- (a) Evaluate f(17)
- (b) Evaluate f(2)

- (c) For what x does f(x) = -13
- (d) Solve f(x) = 6.

4. For the function  $f(x) = \frac{3x^2 - 1}{x^2}$ , find (and simplify when possible)

- (a) f(2) =(b) f(-1) =(c) f(r) =(d) f(x-1) =(e) f(-x) =(f)  $f(x^3) =$
- 5. Consider the equation 6t = 8y + 4. Write y as a function of t.
- 6. Suppose that f(x) = 7 2x. Solve f(x) = 11.
- 7. Draw a graph which is a function but not one-to-one. Why is it a non one-to-one function?

- 8. Consider the following two relations. For each one, is it a function or not?
  - (a)  $\{(2,4), (4,2), (3,4), (1,1)\}$  (b)  $\{(2,4), (3,5), (2,6), (7,9)\}$
- 9. Solve the inequality and graph its solution. -8 7x > -1

10. Let 
$$f(x) = \frac{x(9+6x)(x-5)}{4(x-113)(3x+66)}$$
.

- (a) Evaluate f(0).
- (b) When is the function undefined?
- (c) What is the domain of the function?
- (d) Which x values make f(x) = 0?
- 11. Find the domain of  $f(x) = 7\sqrt{5x+10}$ .
- 12. Find the domain of  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + x 12}$

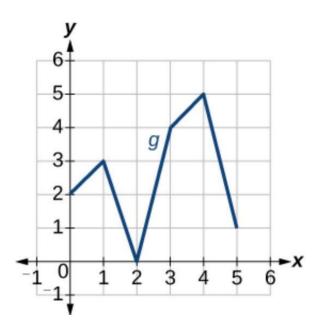
13. Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{x-1}, & x \le 2, \\ 4, & x > 2. \end{cases}$$

What is the domain of f?

14. Draw a graph with an absolute maximum, but no absolute minimum, which does have a relative minimum.

- 15. What are the absolute extrema of the graph of  $y = x^2 + 1$ ?
- 16. Consider the function graphed below.
  - (a) Find the intervals where it increases.
  - (b) Find the intervals where it decreases.
  - (c) Find all local maxima (both x and y coordinates).
  - (d) Find all local minima (both x and y coordinates).



17. Let  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^3}$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$ . Find the domain of each of the following. (a) (f+g)(b) (f-g)(c) (f\*g)(d)  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)$ 

18. Let f(x) = 2x and g(x) = x + 10.

- (a) Find  $(f \circ g)(5)$  (c) Find f(f(5))
- (b) Find g(f(5)) (d) Find  $(g \circ g)(5)$

19. Let  $f(x) = x^2 + x - 2$  and  $g(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 + 3}$ . Find (and simplify) the following. (a) f(g(x)) (b) g(f(x))

20. Let  $H(x) = \frac{1}{(2x+1)^2}$ . Find functions f and g so that  $H = f \circ g$ .

21. For  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  and  $g(x) = x^2$ , write the domain of  $f \circ g$  in interval notation. Also, find the domain of  $g \circ f$ .

- 22. How does f(x+21) 8 transform the graph of f(x)?
- 23. Write a formula for the function obtained when the graph of  $f(x) = x^3$  is shifted up 1 unit and to the left 2 units.

24. How does g(25x) transform the graph of g(x)?

25. How does g(25x) transform the graph of g(x)?

26. Consider  $h(x) = 2^{x-2} - 2$ . On one axis graph the basic function it is transformed from. Then on another axis, graph h(x) using graph transformations.