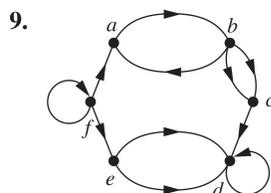
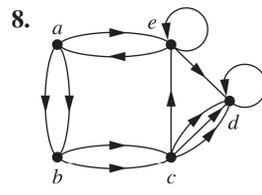
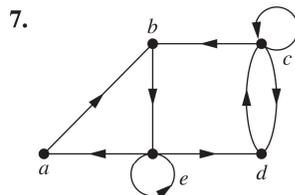
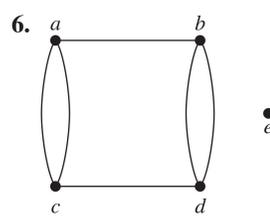
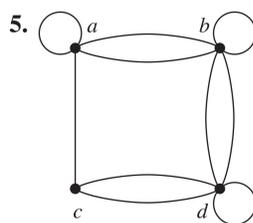
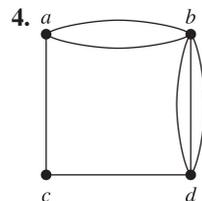
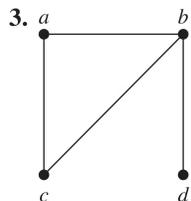


- c) an edge between vertices representing cities for each flight that operates between them (in either direction), plus a loop for a special sightseeing trip that takes off and lands in Miami.
- d) an edge from a vertex representing a city where a flight starts to the vertex representing the city where it ends.
- e) an edge for each flight from a vertex representing a city where the flight begins to the vertex representing the city where the flight ends.

2. What kind of graph (from Table 1) can be used to model a highway system between major cities where

- a) there is an edge between the vertices representing cities if there is an interstate highway between them?
- b) there is an edge between the vertices representing cities for each interstate highway between them?
- c) there is an edge between the vertices representing cities for each interstate highway between them, and there is a loop at the vertex representing a city if there is an interstate highway that circles this city?

For Exercises 3–9, determine whether the graph shown has directed or undirected edges, whether it has multiple edges, and whether it has one or more loops. Use your answers to determine the type of graph in Table 1 this graph is.



10. For each undirected graph in Exercises 3–9 that is not simple, find a set of edges to remove to make it simple.

11. Let G be a simple graph. Show that the relation R on the set of vertices of G such that uRv if and only if there is an edge associated to $\{u, v\}$ is a symmetric, irreflexive relation on G .

12. Let G be an undirected graph with a loop at every vertex. Show that the relation R on the set of vertices of G such that uRv if and only if there is an edge associated to $\{u, v\}$ is a symmetric, reflexive relation on G .

13. The **intersection graph** of a collection of sets A_1, A_2, \dots, A_n is the graph that has a vertex for each of these sets and has an edge connecting the vertices representing two sets if these sets have a nonempty intersection. Construct the intersection graph of these collections of sets.

a) $A_1 = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\}$, $A_2 = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$,
 $A_3 = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$, $A_4 = \{5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$,
 $A_5 = \{0, 1, 8, 9\}$

b) $A_1 = \{\dots, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0\}$,
 $A_2 = \{\dots, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, \dots\}$,
 $A_3 = \{\dots, -6, -4, -2, 0, 2, 4, 6, \dots\}$,
 $A_4 = \{\dots, -5, -3, -1, 1, 3, 5, \dots\}$,
 $A_5 = \{\dots, -6, -3, 0, 3, 6, \dots\}$

c) $A_1 = \{x \mid x < 0\}$,
 $A_2 = \{x \mid -1 < x < 0\}$,
 $A_3 = \{x \mid 0 < x < 1\}$,
 $A_4 = \{x \mid -1 < x < 1\}$,
 $A_5 = \{x \mid x > -1\}$,
 $A_6 = \mathbf{R}$

14. Use the niche overlap graph in Figure 11 to determine the species that compete with hawks.

15. Construct a niche overlap graph for six species of birds, where the hermit thrush competes with the robin and with the blue jay, the robin also competes with the mockingbird, the mockingbird also competes with the blue jay, and the nuthatch competes with the hairy woodpecker.

16. Draw the acquaintanceship graph that represents that Tom and Patricia, Tom and Hope, Tom and Sandy, Tom and Amy, Tom and Marika, Jeff and Patricia, Jeff and Mary, Patricia and Hope, Amy and Hope, and Amy and Marika know each other, but none of the other pairs of people listed know each other.

17. We can use a graph to represent whether two people were alive at the same time. Draw such a graph to represent whether each pair of the mathematicians and computer scientists with biographies in the first five chapters of this book who died before 1900 were contemporaneous. (Assume two people lived at the same time if they were alive during the same year.)

18. Who can influence Fred and whom can Fred influence in the influence graph in Example 2?

19. Construct an influence graph for the board members of a company if the President can influence the Director of Research and Development, the Director of Marketing, and the Director of Operations; the Director of Research and Development can influence the Director of Operations; the Director of Marketing can influence the Director of Operations; and no one can influence, or be influenced by, the Chief Financial Officer.
20. The word apple can refer to a plant, a food, or a computer company. Construct a word graph for these nouns: apple, strawberry, lenovo, cheese, chocolate, ibm, oak, microsoft, hedge, grass, cake, quiche, hp, cider, donut, azalea, pine, dell, fir, raspberry. Connect two vertices by an undirected edge if the nouns they represent have similar meaning.
21. The word rock can refer to a type of music or to something from a mountain. Construct a word graph for these nouns: rock, boulder, jazz, limestone, gravel, folk, bachata, pumice, granite, tango, klezmer, slate, shale, classical, pebbles, sand, rap, marble. Connect two vertices by an undirected edge if the nouns they represent have similar meaning.
22. Which other teams did Team 4 beat and which teams beat Team 4 in the round-robin tournament represented by the graph in Figure 14?
23. In a round-robin tournament the Tigers beat the Blue Jays, the Tigers beat the Cardinals, the Tigers beat the Orioles, the Blue Jays beat the Cardinals, the Blue Jays beat the Orioles, and the Cardinals beat the Orioles. Model this outcome with a directed graph.
24. Construct the call graph for a set of seven telephone numbers 555-0011, 555-1221, 555-1333, 555-8888, 555-2222, 555-0091, and 555-1200 if there were three calls from 555-0011 to 555-8888 and two calls from 555-8888 to 555-0011, two calls from 555-2222 to 555-0091, two calls from 555-1221 to each of the other numbers, and one call from 555-1333 to each of 555-0011, 555-1221, and 555-1200.
25. Explain how the two telephone call graphs for calls made during the month of January and calls made during the month of February can be used to determine the new telephone numbers of people who have changed their telephone numbers.
26. a) Explain how graphs can be used to model electronic mail messages in a network. Should the edges be directed or undirected? Should multiple edges be allowed? Should loops be allowed?
b) Describe a graph that models the electronic mail sent in a network in a particular week.
27. How can a graph that models e-mail messages sent in a network be used to find people who have recently changed their primary e-mail address?
28. How can a graph that models e-mail messages sent in a network be used to find electronic mail mailing lists used to send the same message to many different e-mail addresses?
29. Describe a graph model that represents whether each person at a party knows the name of each other person at the party. Should the edges be directed or undirected? Should multiple edges be allowed? Should loops be allowed?
30. Describe a graph model that represents a subway system in a large city. Should edges be directed or undirected? Should multiple edges be allowed? Should loops be allowed?
31. For each course at a university, there may be one or more other courses that are its prerequisites. How can a graph be used to model these courses and which courses are prerequisites for which courses? Should edges be directed or undirected? Looking at the graph model, how can we find courses that do not have any prerequisites and how can we find courses that are not the prerequisite for any other courses?
32. Describe a graph model that represents the positive recommendations of movie critics, using vertices to represent both these critics and all movies that are currently being shown.
33. Describe a graph model that represents traditional marriages between men and women. Does this graph have any special properties?
34. Which statements must be executed before S_6 is executed in the program in Example 8? (Use the precedence graph in Figure 10.)
35. Construct a precedence graph for the following program:
- $$S_1: x := 0$$
- $$S_2: x := x + 1$$
- $$S_3: y := 2$$
- $$S_4: z := y$$
- $$S_5: x := x + 2$$
- $$S_6: y := x + z$$
- $$S_7: z := 4$$
36. Describe a discrete structure based on a graph that can be used to model airline routes and their flight times. [Hint: Add structure to a directed graph.]
37. Describe a discrete structure based on a graph that can be used to model relationships between pairs of individuals in a group, where each individual may either like, dislike, or be neutral about another individual, and the reverse relationship may be different. [Hint: Add structure to a directed graph. Treat separately the edges in opposite directions between vertices representing two individuals.]
38. Describe a graph model that can be used to represent all forms of electronic communication between two people in a single graph. What kind of graph is needed?