## CSI 35 LECTURE NOTES (Ojakian)

# Topic 12: Coloring and Matchings in Graphs

#### **OUTLINE**

(References: Wells: 157, 159, Rosen: 10.2, 10.8)

### 1. Coloring

(a) Motivation: Scheduling Problem

Goal: Schedule a number of student exams so no student has a time conflict.

- i. Make a graph where each vertex is an exam
- ii. Put an edge between vertices if some student has both exams
- iii. So what is a proper coloring?
- (b) Chromatic Number

Typical goal: Use as few colors as needed.

**PROBLEM 1.** Find the chromatic number of the following:  $K_n$  and  $C_n$  and  $W_n$   $(n+1 \ vertices)$  and Trees

PROBLEM 2. Wells 159.2.2 (coloring bipartite)

(c) Exercises

Section 10.8: 5 - 11 (Finding chromatic number)

Section 10.8: 12 - 13, 16 - 20

# 2. Matching (10.2)

(a) One Motivation: Match Jobs to workers (jobs are side that needs to be covered, can miss some workers).

**PROBLEM 3.** Create problem from students in class, along with jobs to perform. Is there a complete matching from students to jobs? (or Example 14 (p. 692))

- (b) Setup.
  - i. Have graph with bipartition  $(V_1, V_2)$  in a graph.
  - ii. Considering just matchings (i.e no edges can touch)
  - iii. Issue: Can you cover  $V_1$  or not? (pick one of side to cover)
- (c) Old fashioned marriage example (between men and women)
- (d) Try to find Neccessary conditions for having such a matching (i.e. If there is a a matching that covers  $V_1$ , what must be true).
- (e) Statement Hall's Marriage Theorem. Prove neccessity of condition; leave other direction open
- (f) Examples

i.

**PROBLEM 4.** Consider the graph on the board (with 3 vertices on the left). Does it satisfy the condition in Hall's Theorem? If not add, some edges so that it does satisfy the condition.

- ii. Do more.
- (g) Exercises (10.2)
  - i. Exercises: 27 30
  - ii. Exercises (hard??): 31 33