CSI 35 LECTURE NOTES (Ojakian)

Topic 2: Mathematical Induction

OUTLINE

(References: Wells 102-104, Rosen 5.1)

1. Mathematical Induction

1. Summation Notation

(a) Compute some examples.

PROBLEM 1. Use the summation notation to write the sum of the positive even integers from 2 up to and including 1000.

2. First Induction Proof

PROBLEM 2. Prove that 1 + 2 + ... + n = n(n + 1)/2 (example 1)

- (a) Base Step
- (b) Inductive Step
- (c) Some pictures of it
 - i. Dominos
 - ii. The infinitely long subway route (exercise 1; show that the subway stops at all the stations).
 - iii. Ascending a ladder
- (d) Cheap ones to practice structure

PROBLEM 3. Prove that $1 + 1 + \ldots + 1$ (n times) = n by induction!

PROBLEM 4. Prove that 2 + 2 + ... + 2 (n times) < 5n by induction!

3. More Inductive Proofs

- (a) Do one: $n < 2^n$ (example 5) or $2^n < n!$ (example 6)
- (b) Prove that $n^3 n$ is divisible by 3, when n is a positive integer (example 8).
- (c) Prove that the number of subsets of [n] is 2^n (example 10).
- (d) (Probably skip) Let n be a positive integer. Show tht every 2^n by 2^n checker-board with one square removed (anywhere) can be tiled using "right triominoes." (example 14)

4. Mistaken Inductive Proofs

- (a) Example 15
- (b) Exercises: 49, 50, 51
- 5. Exercises (Section 5.1)

(a) Equalities: 2 - 5, 11
(b) Inequalities: 18 - 23
(c) Divisibility: 31 - 34
(d) Structural: 45, 46

PROBLEM 5. Suppose that n is a positive integer and f is a function from [n+1] to [n]. Use mathematical induction to show that f is **not** one-to-one.

(e) Miscellaneous: 56, 57 (good calculus one!), 60