

## Mth 30, Homework 9 on sections 5.2, 5.3, 5.4

Due by Wed, Apr 23.

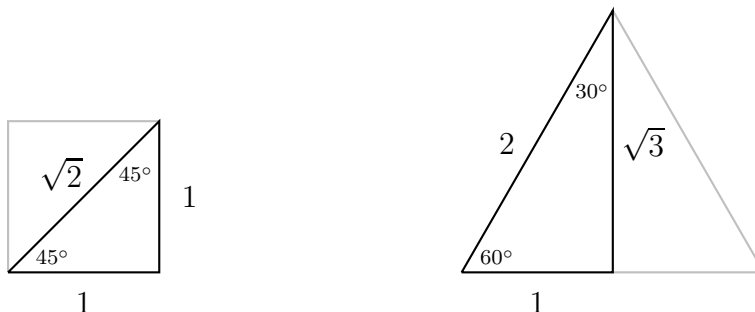
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Please use lots of space and explain your answers, showing clearly any work you had to do. Each question is worth 3 points.

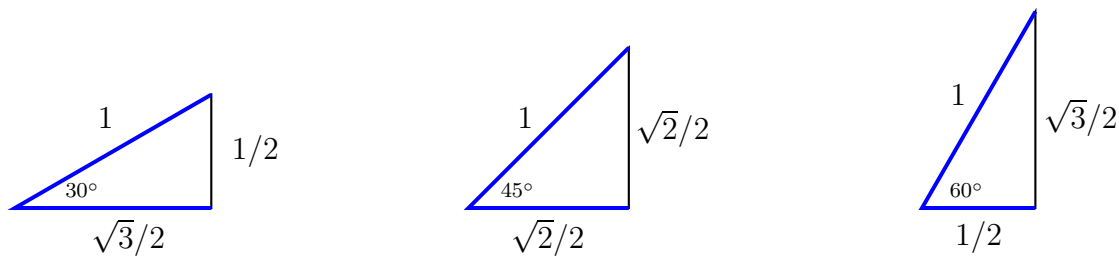
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### Section 5.2 Unit Circle: Sine and Cosine Functions

Memorize these two special triangles with their angles and side lengths (coming from the Pythagorean theorem):



Shrinking them to make their hypotenuses 1, so they fit in the unit circle, gives:



(1) Use the above triangles to fill in this table with exact values:

angle $t$	$30^\circ$ or $\pi/6$	$45^\circ$ or $\pi/4$	$60^\circ$ or $\pi/3$
$\cos t$			
$\sin t$			

(2) Draw these angles in standard position and find their reference angles:

(a)  $155^\circ$

(b)  $260^\circ$

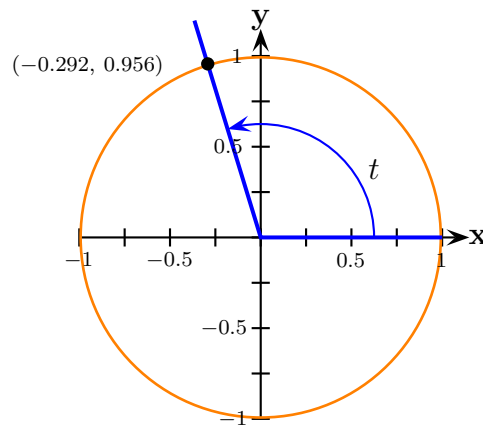
(c)  $\frac{7\pi}{4}$

(Hint: The reference angle is found by moving up or down from the terminal side to the  $x$ -axis. In degrees it is always between 0 and 90.)

- (3) Find the exact value of  $\sin(5\pi/3)$  using the following steps.
- (a) Find the reference angle for  $5\pi/3$ .
  - (b) Find the exact value for sine of the reference angle. (It is one of our special angles.)
  - (c) Check which quadrant  $5\pi/3$  is in and decide if sine is positive or negative there.
  - (d) Then  $5\pi/3$  equals part (b) with the sign from part (c).
- (4) Find the exact value of  $\cos(11\pi/4)$  using a reference angle as in the last question.
- (5) If  $\cos t = -3/4$  and  $t$  is in quadrant II, find  $\sin t$ .  
(Hint: Use the Pythagorean Identity.)
- (6) If  $\sin t = -1/8$  and  $t$  is in quadrant IV, find  $\cos t$ .
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### Section 5.3 The Other Trigonometric Functions

- (7) Give the formulas for each of  $\sec t$ ,  $\csc t$ ,  $\tan t$  and  $\cot t$  in terms of  $\cos t$  and  $\sin t$ .
- (8) Find all six trigonometric functions of the angle  $t$  displayed here:



- (9) Compute the exact value of  $\csc(\pi/4)$   
(Hint: exact means 'not a decimal'. Your answer should have a square root – but make sure it's not in the denominator.)
- (10) Use a reference angle to find the exact value of  $\cot(7\pi/6)$  as follows:
- (a) Draw the angle  $7\pi/6$  and note the quadrant.
  - (b) Find the reference angle. Is it  $\pi/6$ ?
  - (c) Find  $\cot$  of the reference angle.
  - (d) Adjust the sign if necessary depending on the quadrant.
- (11) Suppose  $\cos t = -1/3$  and  $\sin t < 0$ .
- (a) Which quadrant is angle  $t$  in?

(b) Find  $\sec t$

(c) Find  $\tan t$

(Hint: For part (c) you'll need the Pythagorean Identity.)

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### Section 5.4 Right Triangle Trigonometry

(12) Use a cofunction identity to fill in the missing angle:

$$\cos(\pi/5) = \sin(\quad ? \quad)$$

(13) You walk 70 feet away from the base of a tower and find that the angle of elevation to the top of the tower is  $52^\circ$ . Give the height of the tower as a decimal in the correct units.

(Hint: 'Angle of elevation' means the angle from the horizontal up to what you are looking at. Draw a diagram for this question, showing the right triangle. Decide which trigonometric ratio is needed.)

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If you get stuck on a question or aren't sure if you understand it:

- Go over the relevant class notes or section in the textbook.
- Ask me about it after class.
- Come to my office hours: Mon 2:00 - 3:00, Wed 2:00 - 3:00 in CP 317.
- Go to the Math Tutorial Lab in-person in CP 303 or online.