

**BRONX COMMUNITY COLLEGE**  
of the City University of New York

**DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTER SCIENCE**

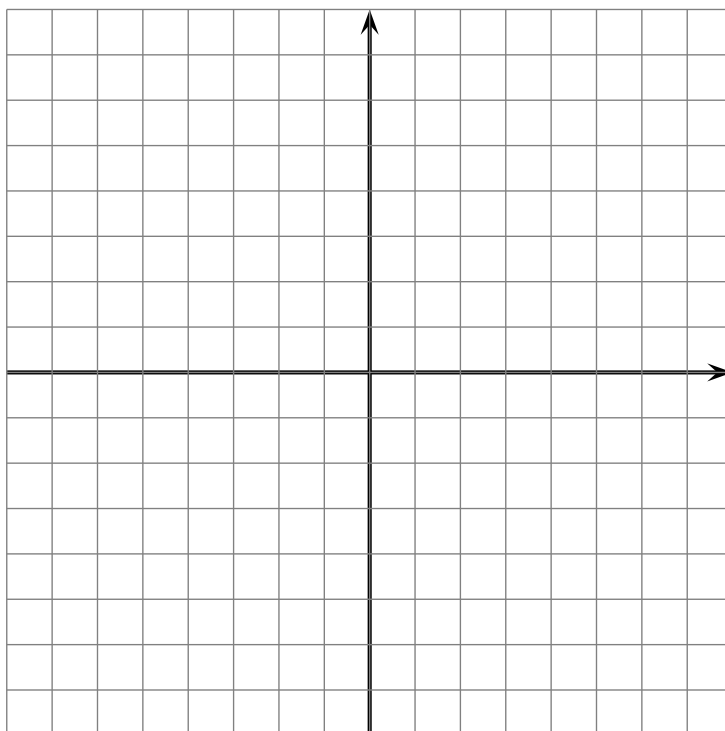
MATH 06  
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Exam 1  
March 10, 2011

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Directions:** Write your answers in the provided booklets. Make sure to indicate which answer belongs to which question. To get full credit you *must* show all your work. Simplify your answers whenever possible. Be certain to indicate your final answer clearly. **Each problem is worth 5 points**

1. Sketch a graph of the parabola  $y = -x^2 - 2x + 3$ . The graph should correctly indicate the vertex, the axis of symmetry, the  $x$ -intercepts, the  $y$ -intercept and the point symmetric to the  $y$ -intercept.



2. Evaluate (give *exact* answer). Simplify your answer as much as possible.

$$\sin 30^\circ \cos 45^\circ + \sin 45^\circ \cos 30^\circ$$

3. Simplify:  $3\sqrt{20} - 2\sqrt{45} + 4\sqrt{125}$

4. Simplify:  $(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2})$

5. Simplify:  $(3 - 2\sqrt{5})^2$

A.  $8^{-\frac{2}{3}}$

B.  $\sqrt[3]{27x^7y^8z^9}$

C.  $\frac{6}{\sqrt{3}}$

7. Rationalize the denominator. Simplify your answer as much as possible.

$$\frac{2\sqrt{10}}{3-\sqrt{5}}$$

8. Simplify. If needed assume that all variables represent positive numbers.

$$2\sqrt[4]{x^3} \left( \sqrt[4]{16x} - 3\sqrt[4]{x^5} + \sqrt[4]{x^3} \right)$$

9. Simplify assuming all variables represent positive numbers. The answer should contain only positive integers as exponents.

$$\left( \frac{x^{-6}y^5}{z^{\frac{2}{3}}} \right)^{\frac{3}{2}}$$

10. Simplify, assuming all variables represent positive numbers:  $\sqrt{\frac{12x^9y^4}{25z^5}}$

11. Solve  $\sqrt{x+19} + x = 1$ .

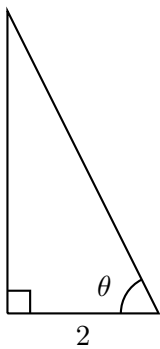
12. Solve  $\sqrt{x+6} = 1 + \sqrt{x+1}$

13. Solve  $x^2 - 4 = 2x$

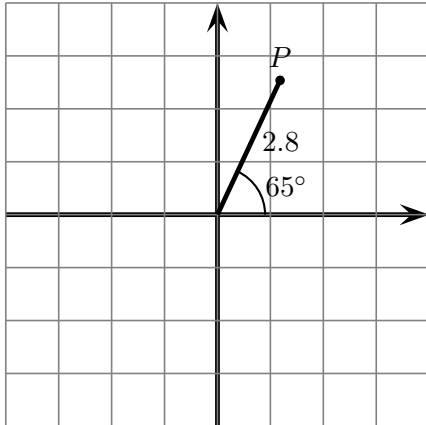
14. Solve  $6x^2 - x - 1 = 0$

15. One leg of a right triangle is 5 inches and the hypotenuse is 10 inches. Find the length of the other leg.

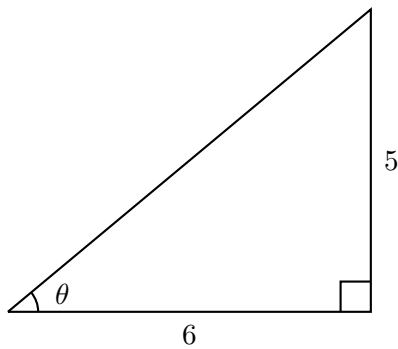
16. Find the area of the following triangle, if  $\theta = 63.43^\circ$ .



17. Find the coordinates of the point  $P$ , if its distance from the origin is 2.8 units and the angle that  $OP$  forms with the  $x$ -axis is  $65^\circ$ , as shown in the figure below.



18. Find the angle  $\theta$ :



19. The angle of elevation to the top of a building, measured from a point 100 feet away from the base of the building is  $60^\circ$ . Find the height of the building. Give *exact* answer.

20. A boat is observed from the top of a lighthouse, 300 feet above sea level. If the boat is 3000 feet away what's the angle of depression?