First Exam for MTH 23

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Instructions:

This exam contains 6 pages (including this cover page) and 5 questions. Each question is worth 20 points, and so the perfect score in this exam is 100 points. Check to see if any pages are missing. Enter your name on the top of this page, and put your initials on the top of every page, in case the pages become separated.

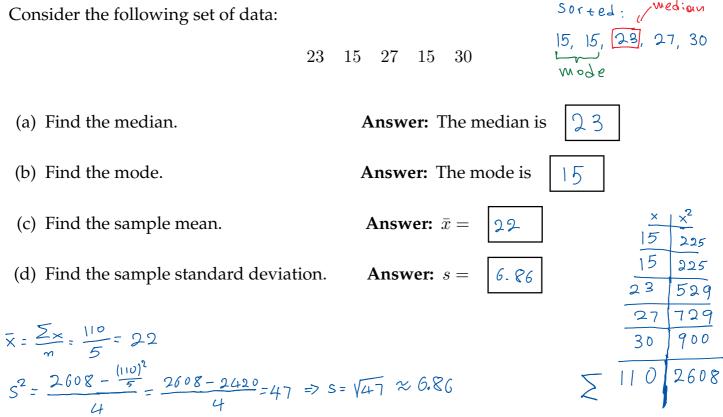
You may use only the provided formulae sheet. You may *not* use your book or notes.

You are allowed to use a calculator.

You are required to show your work on each problem on this exam. The following rules apply:

- You have to enter the answer of each question in the provided box or blank line. You have to circle your answer in the multiple choice questions.
- **Mysterious or unsupported answers will not receive full credit**. A correct answer, unsupported by calculations, explanation, or other work will receive no credit; an incorrect answer supported by substantially correct calculations and explanations might still receive partial credit.
- If you need more space, use the back of the last page; clearly indicate when you have done this.

1. Consider the following set of data:



2. A random sample of the percentage of people in 60 different counties, that voted for a certain party in the elections is given below.

31	33	34	34	35	35	36	38	38	38	
39	40	40	40	40	41	41	41	41	41	60-4=56
41	41	42	42	43	44	44	44	45	45	
46	46	46	46	47	48	49	49	49	49	
50	51	52	52	53	53	53	53	53	55	
56	56	57	57	59	62	66	66	-66	68	

Given that the mean is $\bar{x} = 46.15$ and the standard deviation is s = 8.63:

(a) Find a 75% Chebyshev interval about the mean for the data set above.

Chebyshev's theorem implies that 75% of the values are within two s.d. from 7. $[x - 2s, \overline{x} + 2s] = [46.15 - 2 - 8.63, 46.15 + 2 - 8.63]$ = [28.89, 63.41]

Answer: The 75% Chebyshev interval is

28.69, 63.41]

(b) How many data values does Chebyshev's theorem predict will be within two standard deviations of the mean?

at least 75%. 75% of 60 is 0.75.60 = 45 values

Answer:

45 values.

- (c) How many of the data values are within two standard deviations of the mean?
 - Answer:

56 values.

How does this compare to your result in Part (b)?

There are more values than the minimum predicted.

3. Let the random variable x represents percentage change in neighborhood population in the last few years, and the random variable y the crime rate in the same neighborhood (measured in crimes per 1,000 people). A random sample of six neighborhoods in a city gave the following table of paired data:

Given that $\sum x = 72$, $\sum y = 589$, $\sum x^2 = 1340$, $\sum y^2 = 72,277$, and $\sum xy = 9,499$:

(a) Compute the coefficient of correlation r.

$$SS_{xx} = 1340 - \frac{72^2}{6} = 476$$

 $SS_{xy} = 9499 - \frac{72 \cdot 589}{6} = 2431$
 $SS_{yy} = 72277 - \frac{(589)^2}{6} = 14456.83$

$$V = \frac{2431}{\sqrt{476.14456.83}} \approx \frac{2431}{2623.25} \approx 0.93$$

Answer: $r = \bigcirc .93$

(b) Find the equation of the least square line. $rightarrow = a + b \times b$

$$b = \frac{SS_{xy}}{SS_{xx}} = \frac{2431}{476} = 5.11$$

$$\overline{x} = \frac{72}{6} = 12$$

$$\overline{y} = \frac{589}{6} \approx 98.17$$

$$a = \overline{y} - \overline{b} \cdot \overline{x}$$

$$\approx 98.17 - 5.11 \cdot 12$$

$$= 36.85$$

Answer: The equation is

 $\hat{y} = 36.85 + 5.11 \times$

(c) Use the equation from Part (b) to estimate the crime rate for a neighborhood with 12% change in population.

Answer: The crime rate is estimated to be

98.17

4. Consider the experiment of rolling two dice. The following table lists all possible outcomes.

```
16 26 36 46 56
                 6 6
15 25
      3 5 4 5 5 5
                 6 5
14 24
      3 4 4 4 5 4
                 6 4
                     1+2+3+4=10
13 23 33 43 53
                 6 3
12 22 32 42 52 62
11 21 31 41 51 61
    2
       4
           5
```

Find the probability that the sum of the outcomes of the two dice is less or equal to 5.

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The possible subs less or equal to 5 are 2,3,4, and 5.

There are 1 outcome with sum 2

2 outcomes with sum 3

3 outcomes with sum 4

4 outcomes with sum 5

So there is a total of 10 favorable outcomes out of

36 possible outcomes. So p = \frac{10}{36} = \frac{5}{18} or approximately 0.28

Answer: The probability is \frac{5}{18} \times 0.25
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- 5. In a sales effectiveness seminar, a group of sales representatives tried two approaches to selling a customer a new car. The results are summarized in the table below:

	Sale	No Sale	TOTAL
Aggressive	270	310	580
Passive	416	164	580
TOTAL	686	474	1160

Compute the following probabilities:

(a) Find the probability that a customer selected at random bought a new car.

Out of a total of 1160 customers 686 bought a car.
So
$$P(Sale) = \frac{686}{1160} = \frac{343}{580} \approx 0.59$$

0.59

Answer: The probability is

(b) Find the probability that a customer selected at random will buy a new car given that an aggressive sales approach is used.

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Aggressive approch was used for 580 customers. 270 of them
bought a car. So:
P(Sale given Aggressive) = \frac{270}{580} = \frac{21}{58} \approx 0.47
```

Answer: The probability is

s 0.47

0.23

(c) Find the probability that a customer selected at random will buy a car **and** that an aggressive sales approach was used.

P (Sale and Aggressive) =
$$\frac{27^\circ}{1160} = \frac{27}{116} \approx 0.23$$

Answer: The probability is

Useful Formulae

Mean: $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum x}{n}$, $\mu = \frac{\sum x}{N}$

Standard Deviation:
$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2 - \frac{1}{n} (\sum x)^2}{n-1}}, \quad \sigma = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2 - \frac{1}{N} (\sum x)^2}{N}}$$

Correlation coefficient: $r = \frac{SS_{xy}}{\sqrt{SS_{xx} \cdot SS_{yy}}}$, where:

$$SS_{xx} = \sum x^2 - \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum x\right)^2$$
$$SS_{xy} = \sum x y - \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum x\right) \left(\sum y\right)$$

$$SS_{yy} = \sum y^2 - \frac{1}{n} \left(\sum y\right)^2$$

Least Squares Regression Line: $\hat{y} = b x + a$, where:

$$b = \frac{SS_{xx}}{SS_{yy}}, \qquad a = \bar{y} - b\,\bar{x}$$