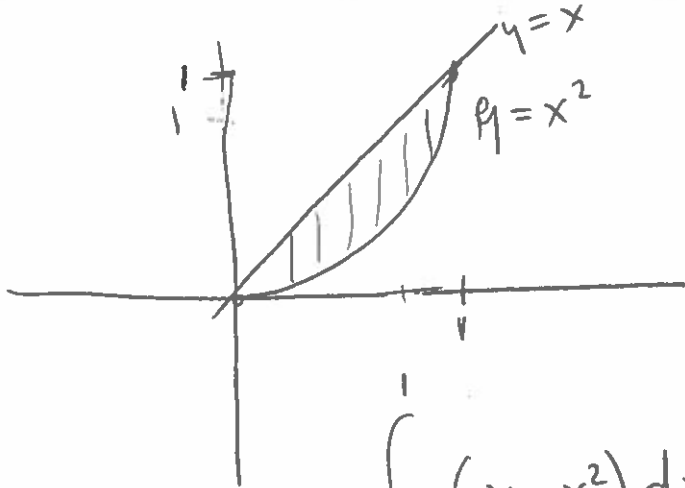


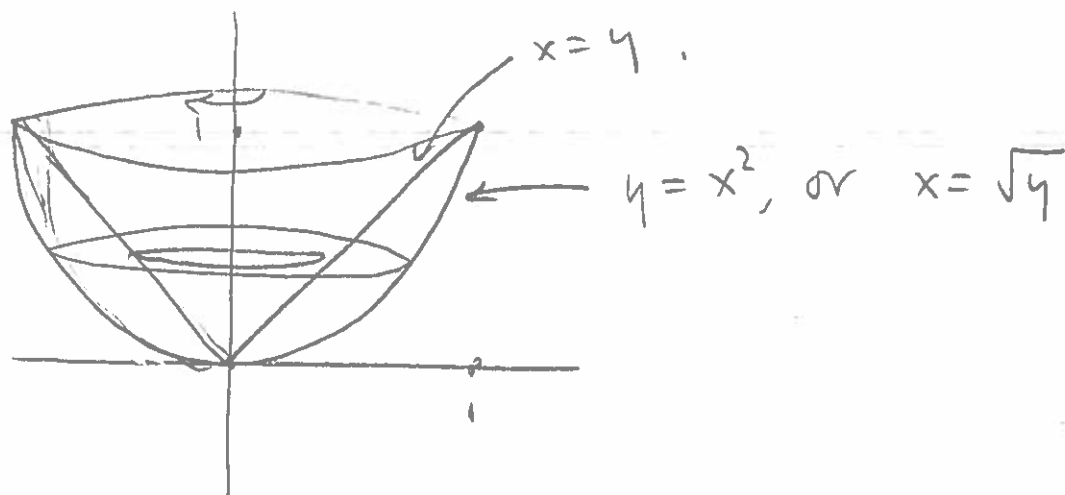
MTH 32. QUIZ 1. NAME: KEY

- [10] 1. Find the area of the region bounded by the graphs of the functions $f(x) = x^2$ and $g(x) = x$.



$$\int_0^1 (x - x^2) dx = \left[\frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{3} \right]_0^1$$
$$= \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} = \boxed{\frac{1}{6}}$$

- [10] 2. Find the volume of the solid of revolution obtained by rotating the region bounded by the graphs of the functions $f(x) = x^2$ and $g(x) = x$ about the y -axis.



Using washers:

Integrate w.r. to y .

Limits: 0 to 1.

Outside radius: \sqrt{y}

inside radius: y

$$\pi \int_0^1 ((\sqrt{y})^2 - y^2) dy = \pi \int_0^1 (y - y^2) dy = \pi \left(\frac{y^2}{2} - \frac{y^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^1$$

$$= \pi \left(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} \right) = \frac{\pi}{6}.$$

Using shells:

Integrate w.r. to x .

height: from x^2 to x

\Rightarrow height = $x - x^2$

$$\Rightarrow 2\pi \int_0^1 (x(x - x^2)) dx = 2\pi \int_0^1 (x^2 - x^3) dx = 2\pi \left(\frac{x^3}{3} - \frac{x^4}{4} \right) \Big|_0^1$$

$$= 2\pi \left(\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} \right) = \frac{2\pi}{12} = \frac{\pi}{6}.$$

