

# MATH 30 - Precalculus, Version A

Second Midterm. Time allowed: 2 hours, 15 minutes. Professor Luis Fernández

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

## Instructions:

- Write all your answers in the space provided, or attach sheets if you need more space.
  - **SHOW ALL YOUR WORK.** Solutions without work shown will receive no credit.
  - Non-graphing calculators are allowed. No notes or books allowed.
  - The exam has 8 exercises. The points of each exercise are written on the left.
  - The exam has a total of 110 points, with 10 extra credit points.
- 

[18] 1. Write the **exact value (NO decimals)** of

a)  $\log_3 81 =$

b)  $\log_5 \sqrt[4]{5} =$

c)  $1023^{\log_{1023} 5} =$

d)  $\log_{4513} 4513^{13} =$

e)  $\log_{16} 8 =$

f)  $\log_9 \frac{1}{27} =$

---

[6] 2. Convert the following from exponential form to logarithmic form.

a)  $e^x = 8$

b)  $10^{x+3} = 16$

---

[6] 3. Convert the following from logarithmic form to exponential form.

a)  $\ln y = 8$

b)  $\log_6(y + 8) = x + 3$

[8] **4.** Condense the following logarithmic expressions (that is, write them using only one logarithm in the front).

a)  $4 \log x + 3 \log y$

b)  $12 \log a - 2 \log b + 5 \log c$

c)  $\frac{1}{5}(2 \log x - \frac{1}{2} \log y + \frac{2}{3} \log z)$

d)  $\frac{\log x}{7} - \frac{3}{5} \log y$

---

[8] **5.** Expand the following logarithmic expressions (that is, write them using addition and subtraction of logarithms).

a)  $\log_5 (5xy)$

b)  $\log_7 (x^5y^2)$

c)  $\log_8 \left( \frac{x^{12}}{7} \right)$

d)  $\log (x^4y^3)^5$

---

[4] **6.** Write the following logarithms in the indicated base.

a)  $\log_5 7$ , in base 2.

b)  $\log_7 5$ , in base 10.

[40] **7.** Solve the following equations. If the answer is not an exact numbers, leave it expressed as a logarithm.

**a)**  $7^{x+4} = 49$

**b)**  $4^{x+3} = 8^{2x-4}$

**c)**  $\log_2(x) - 3 = \log_2 5$

**d)**  $\log_3(x - 4) + \log_3(x - 2) = \log_3(2x - 7)$

[20] 8. For the rational function  $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x - 3}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$ ,

a) Factor numerator and denominator and simplify if possible.

b) Find the  $x$  intercepts of the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , if they exist.

c) Find the  $y$  intercepts of the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , if they exist.

d) Find any vertical asymptotes.

e) Find any horizontal asymptotes.

f) Use the information above to sketch a graph of  $y = f(x)$ .

