- [4] **1.** Find the **exact value** of
  - **a**)  $\log_{64} 8 =$  **b**)  $\log_3 \sqrt{3} =$

c) 
$$8^{\log_8 49} =$$
 d)  $\log_5 5^7 =$ 

[6] **2.** Find the **exact value** of

a) 
$$\tan\left(\frac{5\pi}{6}\right) =$$
 b)  $\sec\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) =$  c)  $\cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{4} - 1000\pi\right) =$ 

d) 
$$\sin\left(\frac{17\pi}{6}\right) =$$
 e)  $\cos\left(-\frac{7\pi}{3}\right) =$  f)  $\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + 15\pi\right) =$ 

[8] **3.** Graph the function  $f(x) = 2^x$  and the function  $g(x) = \log_2 x$  in the axes provided below.



[12] **4.** Solve the following equations. If necessary, leave the answer expressed in terms of logarithms (you do not need to use the calculator).

a)  $7^{x+1} = 410$ 

**b)**  $\log_2(x+2) - \log_2(x-5) = 3$ 

c)  $\ln(x-4) + \ln(x+1) = \ln(x-8)$ 

[8] 5. Given that tan x = <sup>5</sup>/<sub>12</sub>, and that x lies in the first quadrant,
a) Find sin x.
b) Find cos x.

c) Find 
$$\cot\left(\tan^{-1}\frac{5}{12}\right)$$
.  
d) Find  $\sec\left(\tan^{-1}\frac{5}{12}\right)$ .

[8] **6.** Graph **two** cycles of the following functions in the axes provided.

## a) $f(x) = \sin(2x)$





[6] 7. Find the domain of the function  $\log_4(x^2-1)$ .

[8] 8. Write an equation of the form  $y = A\sin(Bx + C)$  for the sinusoidal curve whose graph is shown below.



[6] 9. Let the functions f and g be defined by f(x) = \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{2} and g(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{2}.
a) Prove that f(x) is an even function.

**b)** Prove that g(x) is an odd function.

c) Prove that  $[f(x)]^2 - [g(x)]^2 = 1$ .