- [4] 1. Write down a polynomial of degree 4 whose roots are
  - a) -1, 2, 3 and 1.
  - **b)**  $\sqrt{3}, \sqrt{4}, i \text{ and } -i.$
- [8] **2.** Divide using long division. Write the answer as  $D = d \cdot q + r$ .

a) 
$$\frac{x^3 - 4x^2 + x + 2}{x^2 - 5x + 2}$$

**b)** 
$$\frac{x^4 - x^2 + 1}{x^2 + 1}$$

[10] <b>3.</b>	Factor the polynomial $x^4 - 5x^3 + 5x^2 + 5x - 6$ by first finding the candidates for rational roots and then using synthetic division to find out which of the candidates are actual roots.