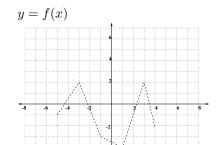
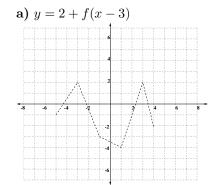
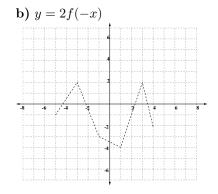
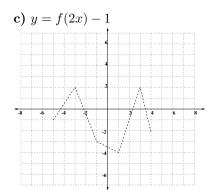
MTH 30, Sec. 2996S. QUIZ 2. NAME:

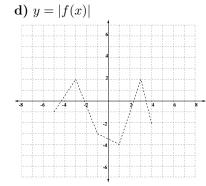
[5] 1. Given the graph of the function f below, sketch the graphs of the equations below in the axis provided. (Note that the original graph of f is given, in grey, as a reference.)

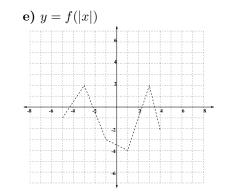












- [5] **2.** If $f(x) = x^2 1$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{x+1}$, find (and express using interval notation)
 - a) The domains of f and g.

b) The domain of f + g.

c) The domain of $\frac{f}{g}$.

d) The domain of $g \circ f$.

[5] **3.** Given f(x) = 2x - 1 and $g(x) = x^2 + 3$ find

a)
$$(f+g)(2) =$$

$$(f+g)(x) =$$

b)
$$(f \cdot g)(1) =$$

$$(f \cdot g)(x) =$$

$$\mathbf{c)} \quad \left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(0) =$$

$$\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) =$$

d)
$$(f \circ g)(2) =$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) =$$

$$\mathbf{e)} \quad (f \circ g \circ g)(2) =$$

$$(f\circ g\circ g)(x) =$$

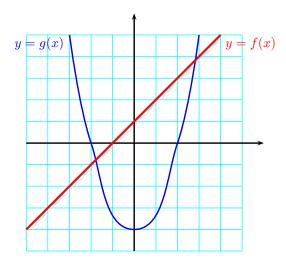
[5] **4.** Given the graph of the functions f and g below, find

a)
$$(f \circ g)(0)$$

b)
$$(f \circ g)(-2)$$
 c) $(g \circ f)(1)$ **d)** $(g \circ f)(-1)$

c)
$$(g \circ f)(1)$$

d)
$$(g \circ f)(-1$$



[5] **5.** CHALLENGE! Find a function f that satisfies: $f \circ f = f \cdot f$.