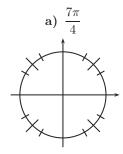
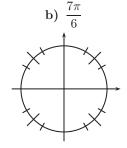
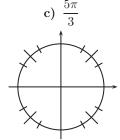
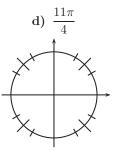
[8] 1. Draw the following angles in standard position in the circles provided.

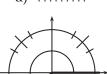


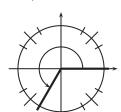


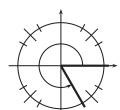




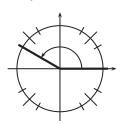
[8] 2. Write, in the space provided, the value IN RADIANS of the angles given in the following pictures.







c) .....



[8] 3. Write the exact value (NO decimals) of

a) 
$$\log_3 81 =$$

**b**) 
$$\log_5 \sqrt[4]{5} =$$

c) 
$$1023^{\log_{1023} 5} =$$

**d)** 
$$\log_{4513} 4513^{13} =$$

[12] 4. Write the exact value (NO decimals) of

a) 
$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) =$$

**b)** 
$$\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3} - 20\pi\right) =$$

c) 
$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) =$$

d) 
$$\sin\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}\right) =$$

e) 
$$\sin\left(\frac{7\pi}{6}\right) =$$

$$\mathbf{f)} \cos \left( -\frac{3\pi}{4} + 5\pi \right) =$$

[4] 5. Condense the following logarithmic expressions (that is, write them using only one logarithm in the front).

a) 
$$12\log a - 2\log b + 5\log c =$$

**b)** 
$$\frac{\log x}{7} - \frac{3}{5} \log y =$$

[4] **6.** Expand the following logarithmic expressions (that is, write them using addition and subtraction of many logarithms).

**a)** 
$$\log_8\left(\frac{x^{12}}{7}\right) =$$

**b)** 
$$\log_5 \left( \sqrt{2x^2 + y} \right) =$$

[18] **7.** Solve the following inequalities.

a) 
$$\frac{x^2 + x - 6}{x + 1} \le 0$$

**b)** 
$$x^3 - 4x^2 + 5x \ge 2$$

[21] 8. Solve the following three equations. If necessary, leave the answer expressed in terms of logarithms (you do not need to use the calculator).

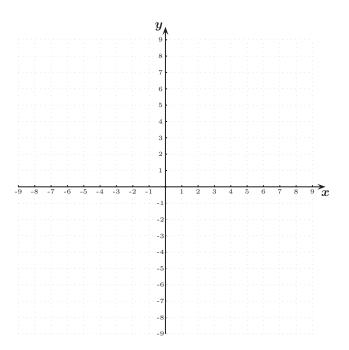
a) 
$$7^{2x-1} = 5$$

**b)** 
$$\log_4(x) + \log_4(x - 6) = 2$$

c) 
$$\log(3x-1) - \log(2x-3) = \log 2$$

- [15] **9.** Let  $f(x) = 2^{x-1}$  and  $g(x) = 1 + \log_2 x$ .
  - a) Show that f and g are inverses of each other.

**b)** Graph f and g in the coordinate axes below.



- [11]  ${f 10}$ . Given that  $\tan x = -\frac{6}{7}$ , and that x lies in the second quadrant, find
  - a)  $\sin x =$
- **b**)  $\cos x =$
- c)  $\sec x =$
- d)  $\cot x =$
- e)  $\csc x =$