

MATH 30 - Precalculus, Sec. 2495

Third test. Time allowed: two hours. Professor Luis Fernández

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

[8] 1. Write the exact value (NO decimals) of

a)  $\log_{25} 5 =$

b)  $\log_7 \sqrt[3]{7} =$

c)  $87^{\log_{87} 12} =$

d)  $\log_{13} 13^{41} =$

[12] 2. Write the exact value (NO decimals) of

a)  $\tan\left(\frac{5\pi}{3}\right) =$

b)  $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) =$

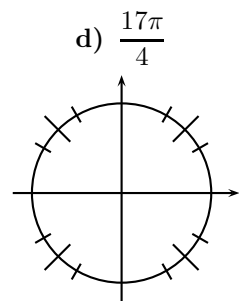
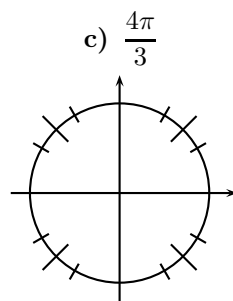
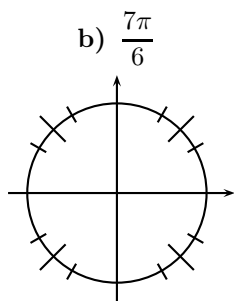
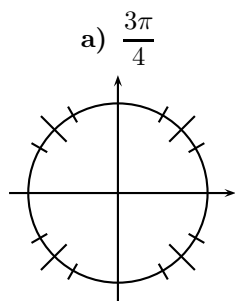
c)  $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - 20\pi\right) =$

d)  $\sin\left(\frac{5\pi}{6}\right) =$

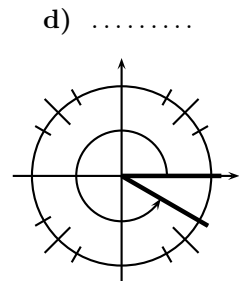
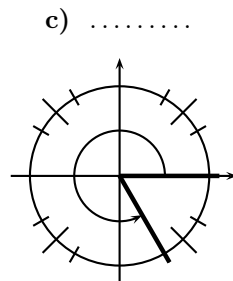
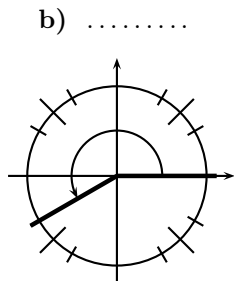
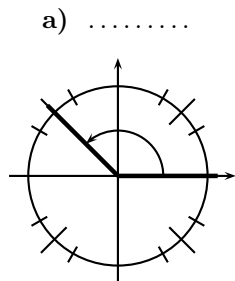
e)  $\sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{3}\right) =$

f)  $\cos\left(\frac{3\pi}{4} + 15\pi\right) =$

[10] 3. Draw the following angles in standard position in the circles provided.



[10] 4. Write, in the space provided, the value IN RADIANS of the angles given in the following pictures.



[4] 5. Condense the following logarithmic expressions (that is, write them using only one logarithm in the front).

a)  $7 \log y + 2 \log x =$

b)  $\frac{1}{4} \log x - 3 \log y =$

- [4] **6.** Expand the following logarithmic expressions (that is, write them using addition and subtraction of many logarithms).

a)  $\log_5 \left( \frac{x^5}{14} \right) =$

b)  $\log_7 (\sqrt{x^2 + 3}) =$

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- [18] **7.** Solve the following inequalities.

a)  $x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2 > 0$

b)  $\frac{(x+4)(x-2)}{x(x+2)} \geq 0$

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- [8] **8.** Find the inverse of the function  $f(x) = 3^{2x-5}$ . What is the domain of the inverse?

[16] **9.** Solve **TWO** of the following three equations. If necessary, leave the answer expressed in terms of logarithms (you do not need to use the calculator).

a)  $3^{3x-1} = 81$

b)  $\log_4(x) + \log_4(x - 15) = 2$

c)  $\text{Ln}(3x - 1) - \text{Ln}(7x - 3) = \text{Ln} 2$

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[5] **10.** Given that  $\tan x = -\frac{4}{3}$ , and that  $x$  lies in the second quadrant, find

a)  $\sin x =$

b)  $\cos x =$

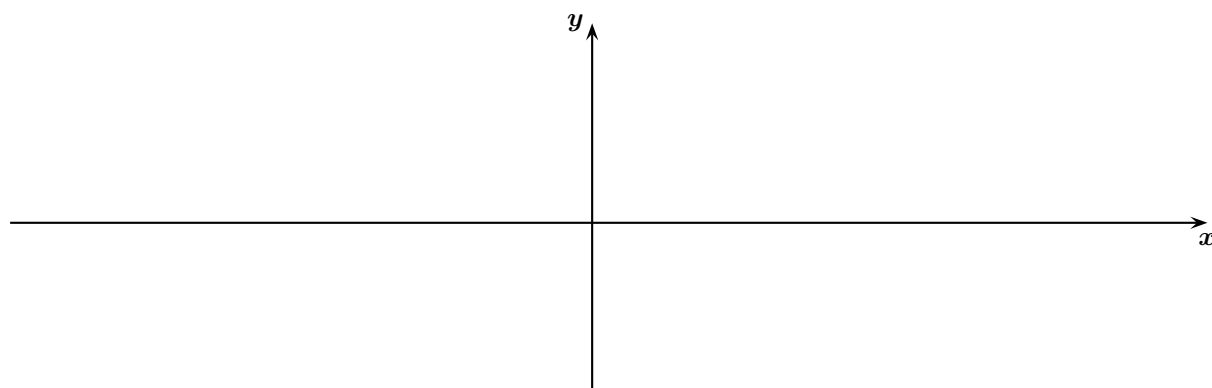
c)  $\sec x =$

d)  $\cot x =$

e)  $\csc x =$

[18] **11.** Find the amplitude, the period and the phase shift, and graph **one** cycles of the following functions in the axes provided.

a)  $f(x) = 2 \sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$



b)  $g(x) = 2 \cos\left(3x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$

