

**BRONX COMMUNITY COLLEGE**  
of the City University of New York

**DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS & COMPUTER SCIENCE**

**Review for Midterm 1.** Prof. Luis Fernandez.

1. Sketch the graphs of the following linear equations:

(a)  $2x - 3y = 6$       (b)  $x + 4y = 8$       (c)  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 4$       (d)  $y = 2x - 3$

2. Find the slope of the lines described by the following information:

- (a) With equation  $y = \frac{2}{3}x + 4$
- (b) With equation  $2x - 3y = 8$
- (c) Passing through the points  $(4, -2)$  and  $(5, 1)$
- (d) Perpendicular to the line with equation  $x - 4y = 1$

3. Write an equation of the line described by the following information:

- (a) With slope  $-\frac{1}{2}$  and passing through the point  $(3, -2)$
- (b) Passing through the points  $(2, -1)$  and  $(-4, -3)$
- (c) perpendicular to the line with equation  $y = 3x - 4$  and passing through  $(1, 9)$ .
- (d) Parallel to the line with equation  $3x - 5y = 4$  and having the same  $y$ -intercept as the line with equation  $x - 4y - 8 = 0$ .

4. For each of the the following quadratic functions  $f(x)$ :

A.  $f(x) = (x - 2)^2 - 1$     B.  $f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 3$     C.  $f(x) = -3x^2 - 6x - 4$

- (a) Find the vertex.
- (b) State the domain of  $f$ .
- (c) State the range of  $f$ .
- (d) Find the  $x$ -intercept(s).
- (e) Find the  $y$ -intercept(s).
- (f) Sketch the graph of  $y = f(x)$ .

5. The graph of a parabola  $y = f(x)$  has axis of symmetry  $x = -1$ , vertex  $(-1, 5)$ , and  $f(0) = 3$ .

- (a) Write the equation of the parabola in standard form.
- (b) State the domain and the range of  $f$ .
- (c) Sketch a graph of  $y = f(x)$ .

6. For each of the the following polynomials  $p(x)$ :

A.  $p(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 4$     B.  $p(x) = -x^3 + 4x^2 - x - 6$     C.  $p(x) = 2x^4 + 7x^3 + 6x^2 - x - 2$

- (a) List all possible rational roots of  $p(x)$ , according to the Rational Zeros Theorem.
- (b) Factor  $p(x)$  completely.
- (c) Find all roots of the equation  $p(x) = 0$ .
- (d) Determine the end behavior of the graph of  $y = p(x)$ .
- (e) Determine the  $y$ -intercept of the graph of  $y = p(x)$

- (f) Determine the  $x$ -intercepts of the graph  $y = p(x)$
  - (g) Determine the local behavior of  $y = p(x)$  near the  $x$ -intercepts.
  - (h) Use the above information to sketch a graph of  $y = p(x)$ .
7. (a) State carefully the remainder theorem.
- (b) Find the remainder of the division of  $x^{122} - 20x^{51} + 60x^{34} + 1$  when divided by  $x - 1$ .
- (c) State carefully the factor theorem.
- (d) Find a polynomial of degree 4 with zeros at  $x = 2$  and  $x = 1$ .