

CSI 30, Homework 3 on section 1.4, 1.5, 1.6

Due by Wed, Mar 1.

Please use lots of space and explain your answers, showing clearly any work you had to do. Each question is worth 3 points for a total of 30.

- (1) Let $P(x)$ say “ $x^2 = 9$ ” and let $Q(x)$ say “ $x \geq 1$ ”. Let the domain of discourse be the integers. Find the truth values of these statements and explain your answers.
- (a) $\forall x Q(x)$
 - (b) $\exists x (P(x) \wedge Q(x))$
 - (c) $\forall x (P(x) \vee \neg P(x))$
- (2) Translate these sentences into logical expressions using quantifiers and propositional functions. Make sure you say what the domain of discourse is.
- (a) All fish can swim.
 - (b) Someone in this class speaks Japanese.
 - (c) Everyone in this class speaks Japanese or does not enjoy logic questions.
- (3) For each part of Question (2), write the negation of each statement with propositions and quantifiers so that no negation is to the left of a quantifier. Then express the negation in simple English.
- (4) Decide the truth values of these expressions, with domain the real numbers, explaining your answers:
- (a) $\forall x \forall y (2x + 4y = 2(x + y + y))$
 - (b) $\exists x \exists y (x^2 + y^2 + 8 = 0)$
 - (c) $\forall x \forall y \exists z (x^2 + y^2 = z^2)$
- (5) Let $F(x, y)$ say “ x can fool y ”. The domain is all people in the world. Use quantifiers to express each of these:
- (a) Everybody can fool Ben.
 - (b) Maria can fool everybody.
 - (c) Everybody can fool somebody.
 - (d) There is no one who can fool everybody.
 - (e) Everyone can be fooled by somebody.
 - (f) No one can fool both Ben and Jerry.

- (6) Express this sentence in logic and give its negation in logic and in English (make sure that no negation is to the left of a quantifier). Use $T(x, y)$ to say “ x follows y on Twitter”.

“There is someone that everyone follows on Twitter”.

- (7) Suppose these two statements are true:

- Today is Sunday.
- If it is Sunday then the post office is closed.

Therefore the post office is closed.

(a) Translate the two statements into logic using propositions p , q and logical operations. Say what your p and q are.

(b) Identify the premises and the conclusion.

(c) What is the name for this type of argument?

- (8) Suppose these two statements are true:

- If it is Sunday then the post office is closed.
- If the post office is closed then I cannot mail my letter.

(a) What can you conclude?

(b) What is the name for this type of argument?

- (9) Give your own example in words of a modus tollens argument. Write the premises clearly and give the conclusion.

- (10) Here are four propositions:

- b says “the cat hides behind a bush”
- t says “the cat climbs a tree”
- s says “the dog sees the cat”
- c says “the dog chases the cat”.

Suppose these premises are true

$$b \rightarrow \neg s$$

$$s \rightarrow c$$

$$c \rightarrow t$$

$$\neg t$$

(a) Write these four premises in simple English.

(b) Can we conclude that $\neg s$ is true? Explain.

(c) Can we conclude that b is true? Explain.

If you get stuck on a question or aren't sure if you understand it:

- Go over the relevant class notes and section in the textbook.
- Check if you get the right answer for a similar odd-numbered question in the textbook (answers at the back of the book).
- Ask me about it after class.
- Come to my office hours: Tue 3 - 4, Wed 3 - 4 in CP 317.
- Go to the Math Tutorial Lab in-person in CP 303 or online.